## **TERESITA SANDOVAL**

When: 1811-1894

**Where:** Born in Taos, New Mexico, moved to Mora and Fort El Pueblo, died in the Arkansas River Country.

**Why Important:** Sandoval was a pioneer. She was one of Colorado's many little-known women who helped pave the way for generations to come in the West.



Teresita Sandoval was born in 1811 in New Mexico. She married at a young age and moved her family to the plains of Colorado. There she met Matthew Kinkead and moved again with him to Fort El Pueblo. There, Teresita helped run the fort and trading businesses. Though her family broke apart, Teresita remained strong and continued working. She was a true pioneer.

## **TERESITA SANDOVAL**

Teresita Sandoval was born in 1811 in Taos, New Mexico. When she was seventeen, Sandoval married Manuel Suaso. By the time she was twenty-three, she was the mother of four children: Juana, Maria de la Cruz, José, and Rufina. The family moved to Mora, New Mexico. They went to settle land they received from the Mexican government.

In Mora, Sandoval met a man named Matthew Kinkead. Sandoval and Kinkead decided to leave Mora with her children. They moved north to the American side of the Arkansas River. The family raised livestock, corn, and other crops on their homestead.

In 1841, the Sandoval-Kinkead family moved to a new trading post called Fort El Pueblo. From the very beginning, Sandoval and Kinkead helped build and run the fort. It was a busy place. Trappers, traders, settlers, and Native Americans all met to negotiate and do business there. Buffalo hides, fur pelts, jewelry, metal tools, and food exchanged hands at the fort.

Adventure at the fort was endless. Sandoval knew and worked with some of the most famous characters on the western frontier. Life here was filled with hard labor, extreme weather, and retaliation by the many Plains Indian warriors defending their traditional hunting grounds.

A few years after moving to the fort, Kinkead moved to California. He took the couple's son, Juan, with him. Sandoval was on her own once again. She went to live with her daughter Cruzita. Cruzita and her husband, Joseph, had a ranch in the Arkansas River country called Casa Blanca. Here Sandoval stayed for the rest of her life. When Cruzita's husband died, Sandoval took control of the property. She prevented the valuable lands from falling into the hands of rival cattlemen. Sandoval died in 1894 after a long life of toil and achievement. Maria Teresa Sandoval was a pioneer in every way.

Sources:

Adapted from "The Frontiers of Teresita Sandoval," by David F. Halaas, Colorado History NOW, October, 1997.

De Baca, Vincent C., ed. La Gente: Hispano History and Life in Colorado. Denver: Colorado Historical Society, 1998.